TypecompulsoryCredits4Year of studyVsemesterIX, XNumber of hours27Dreatical/laboratory work42
Year of studyVsemesterIX, XNumber of hours27Dreation1/(about any superly superl
Number of hours course 27 Departicul/debaratery work 42
I NUMBER OF HOURS COURSE 27 Practical/laboratory WORK 42
SEMINARS Individual work 51
compound Specialized
Course holder PhD in Pharmaceutical Sciences, Associate Professor Uncu Livia
location Malina Mica, 66
Prerequisites and Program: knowledge of organic chemistry, biological chemistry.
requirements of: pharmaceutical chemistry, pharmacology, toxicology,
pharmacognosy, physiology, physiopathology, molecular biology,
microbiology, pharmaceutical technology, biopharmacy.
Competencies: Knowledge of chemical structures; physiological and
pathological processes in the human body; biochemical processes
and biochemistry of xenobiotics; structure and methods of drug
synthesis, physicochemical properties, analysis methods;
mechanisms of drug action and pharmacotherapeutic applications;
notions of toxicokinetics and toxicodynamics; compounds of natural
origin and their properties; structure of cells, membrane tissues;
characterization of pathogenic microorganisms; pharmaceutical
forms and excipients; notions of biotransformation and
pharmacokinetic processes.
The mission of the Medical chemistry is intended to integrate the knowledge acquired in the basic aposisition. The dissipline connects medical chemical and
discipline une basic specialities. The discipline connects medical, chemical and
drug human organism interaction. This knowledge is indispensable
for providing quality pharmaceutical care and for monitoring
the apeutic errors that may have a negative impact on the patient's
health. The mission of the discipline is to provide students with
knowledge of the concepts of medical chemistry, as well as develor
the skills to understand the processes and methods of rational drug
design, which will ensure their effectiveness and harmlessness for
quality pharmaceutical care of patients.
The topic presented Basic stages of rational drug discovery and construction. Drug action
targets; biological membranes. Drug-receptor interactions,
interaction kinetics, basic theories of ligand reception. Ion channels,
Enzymes; principles of action and regulatory activity. Kinetics of
fermentative reactions. Nucleic acids as targets for biologically
active substances. Relationships between the physicochemical
properties of the active principle and its pharmacological action.
Solubility and lipophilicity, ionization of drug molecules. Chemical
bonds and biological activity of molecules. Stereochemical aspects
of drugs. Isosterism and bioisosterism. Drug design. QSAR, the
main stages of drug design. Total screening. Molecular modeling in
arug desigii. Ligand design. Double drugs. Natural compounds as
predicting the toyicity of drug preparations. Dringiples of
bioavailability and bioequivalence of drugs Optimization of
bioavailability Rioequivalence studies Riotransformation of drugs
and physicochemical properties of drug substances. Influence of the
structure of the drug substance on the degree of absorption and
metabolism. Pro-drugs and bioprecursors. Structural modifications

	after the addition of hydroxy-, mercapto-, carboxy-, amino-, carbonyl groups. Cyclization of linear analogues under the conditions of the organism. Biological drugs. Features of obtaining and control. Hormonal and fermentative biological preparations. Blood and blood-derived products. Vaccines. Immunoprophylaxis and immunotherapy. Immunoglobulins, monoclonal antibodies. Gonadotropins, bifidobacteria. Biological role, methods of obtaining, pharmaceutical products. Drug interactions, classification, mechanisms. Drug-drug interactions, drug-food, food supplements, alcohol, tobacco interactions.
Study purposes	 to know <i>general</i> methods and procedures for rational drug design, factors influencing drug action, biological drugs; to know the principles of drug interaction with the human body for the successful performance of professional responsibilities; be able to identify and avoid the main types of errors frequently encountered during medication treatment; to propose and provide complex and well-argued qualitative pharmaceutical assistance; to apply methods for determining bioavailability, solubility, bioequivalence in professional activity; To detect and help rule out drug interactions that may have a negative impact on the patient's health.
Purchased practical skills	 Identification of pharmacophore groups in the structure of drugs; Correlation of various structures with the pharmacological activity of drug molecules; Determining the degree of influence of the physicochemical properties of drugs on their activity; Identification of chiral centers, steric properties of drug molecules; Determining the lipophilicity of molecules based on their chemical structure; Knowledge of methods for modifying chemical structures to optimize the bioavailability of medicinal substances; Determination of ionization, biotransformation processes (degree of absorption, metabolism, distribution, excretion) and the factors that influence these processes; Rational drug design, methods, particularities, QSAR techniques; Ligand design based on lead compounds; Toxicity prediction based on chemical structures with the application of mathematical methods; Knowledge of biological medicines and their methods of obtaining through biotechnology; Identification, molecular explanation and monitoring of drug interactions.
Evaluation form	Exam at the end of each semester (2 exams)