Name of discipline	Pharmaceutical Chemistry				
Type	Compulsory		Credits	20	
Academic year	III, IV	•	Semester	V, VI,	
j	,			VII, VIII	
Number of hours	Course	120	Practice/laboratory work	210	
	Seminar	_	Self-training	270	
Component	Specialized Specialized				
Course holder	PhD, associate professor Uncu Livia – Pharmaceutical Chemistry 3 <sup>th</sup>				
	year;				
	PhD, Professor Valica Vladimir – Pharmaceutical Chemistry 4 <sup>th</sup> year				
Location	Malina Mica, 66				
Conditionings and	Program: Pharmaceutical chemistry is a science with				
prerequisites of:	multidisciplinary preconditions, combining the knowledge of				
	Inorganic Chemistry, Organic Chemistry, Analytical Chemistry, Physico-colloidal Chemistry, Biological Chemistry, Physico-chemical Methods of Analysis previously accumulated, and substantiating other specialized disciplines such as Analytical toxicology, Pharmaceutical Technology, Pharmacology,			Chemistry,	
				, Physico-	
				armacology,	
	Pharmacognosy and Medical Chemistry.				
	Competences: Knowledge of chemical structures; skills of working with laboratory dishes and equipment; compliance with Laboratory Safety Rules; basic digital skills (internet use, document processing use of text editors, electronic whiteboards and presentation			of working	
				•	
				processing,	
				presentation	
	applications), communication skills and teamwork.				
Mission of the	Pharmaceutical Chemistry is meant to study the methods of				
discipline	obtaining of medicinal substances, their physical and chemical				
	properties, as well as the methods of analysis of medicinal substances; forms a methodology for assimilating the methods of obtaining and assessing the quality of medicinal substances based on				
	the general and particular laws of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, as well				
	as the correlation between chemical structure and pharmacological				
	activity for the professional tasks of the pharmacist. Within each				
	chemical and therapeutic class, medicinal substances are studied				
	from the point of view of chemical structures and nomenclature, possibilities of obtaining, physico-chemical properties, essential				
	pharmaceutica	-	structural-activity relations, the sentation. Another objective	-	
	1	_	sentation. Another objective stry course is known by the strate		
			ive molecules.	gies applied	
			maceutical Chemistry provides the	ne necessary	
	_		ization of knowledge about the	-	
		•	from their obtaining to their intro		
			study of their properties and t		
	control.				
Overview of the topics	General principles of pharmaceutical chemistry. Analytical Quality				
2.01.12 W of the topics	Control documents for medicinal products (European				
	Pharmacopoeia, pharmacopoeial monographs). Principles			` 1	
	criteria for the quality of pharmaceutical substances. Pharmaceutical				
	analysis: identification, determination of purity, methods				
			tion. Physico-chemical properties		
	_		medicinal substances with various		
	_	(aliphatic, alicyclic, aromatic, heterocyclic). Medicinal substances			
	, · / ·	, ,	, ,		

	inhaled anesthetics, local anesthetics, analgesics-antipyretics, anti- inflammatory, antiseptic, antibacterial, antiviral, antifungal, antimycobacterial, antimalarial, anthelmintic, antitrihomonase, antineoplastic, radiopharmaceutical. Properties and analysis of medicinal substances with action on the central nervous system, efferent innervation, cardiovascular system, blood, respiratory system, digestive system, uric acid metabolism; medicinal substances with diuretic and antidiabetic, antihistamine, hormonal, vitamin action. Application of physical, chemical, physico-chemical methods in the analysis and control of the purity of medicinal substances.
Outcomes	<ul> <li>to know the sources and methods of obtaining medicinal substances, their physical and chemical properties;</li> <li>to know the main laws of the relationship between the chemical structure and the pharmacological properties, as a basic material that will be used for the synthesis of medicinal substances, to know the requirements regarding their purity and storage conditions;</li> <li>to possess the general and specific methods of analysis of</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>medicinal substances;</li> <li>possess methods of pharmaceutical and pharmacopoeial analysis;</li> <li>to respect the ethical and deontological principles in the relations with colleagues, medical workers and the public in the professional activity.</li> </ul>
Clinical skills	<ul> <li>knowledge of medicinal substances based on the general laws of chemical and biological sciences, their specificity and the use of medicines in accordance with the particularities of pharmaceutical chemistry, in order to fulfill the professional tasks of the pharmacist;</li> <li>obtaining, analyzing and standardizing medicinal substances of synthetic and vegetable origin;</li> <li>application of theoretical knowledge in the analysis and control of medicinal substances;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>analysis of medicinal substances by chemical, physical and physico-chemical methods;</li> <li>knowledge and application of the requirements of normative acts in the field of analysis and control of medicinal substances;</li> <li>possession of the computer as a working tool in the theoretical and practical activity;</li> </ul>
Evoluation forms	• establishing the correlation between the components of the analyst's activity process.
Evaluation form	Exam at the end of each semester (4 exams)